## LA-UR-22-24613

## Approved for public release; distribution is unlimited.

Title: Calculation of ß- and double ß-decay rates in nuclei

Author(s): Gandolfi, Stefano

Intended for: Report

**Issued:** 2022-05-17







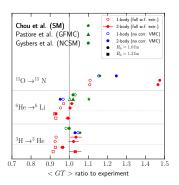


Los Alamos National Laboratory, an affirmative action/equal opportunity employer, is operated by Triad National Security, LLC for the National Nuclear Security Administration of U.S. Department of Energy under contract 89233218CNA000001. By approving this article, the publisher recognizes that the U.S. Government retains nonexclusive, royalty-free license to publish or reproduce the published form of this contribution, or to allow others to do so, for U.S. Government purposes. Los Alamos National Laboratory requests that the publisher dientify this article as work performed under the auspices of the U.S. Department of Energy. Los Alamos National Laboratory strongly supports academic freedom and a researcher's right to publish; as an institution, however, the Laboratory does not endorse the viewpoint of a publication or guarantee its technical correctness.

## S. Gandolfi, J. Carlson T-2:

## Calculation of $\beta$ — and double $\beta$ -decay rates in nuclei

The knowledge of how neutrinos interact in nuclei is critical to an understanding of finite nuclei, neutrino physics and also to astrophysical environments like neutron stars and supernovae. Within this project we studied how nuclei decay through the emission of a neutrino and a lepton, i.e.  $\beta$ -decay. We implemented realistic treatments of many-nucleon correlations and currents to enable high-precision studies of neutrino physics.



- We have developed the numerical tools and computing codes to calculate weak currents in nuclei.
- We have used the Auxiliary Field Diffusion Monte Carlo method to calculate the nuclear wave function and the relevant nuclear matrix elements.